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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/587,150	07/24/2006	Peter Herold	2006_0980A	4977	
513 7590 06/24/2908 WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P.			EXAM	EXAMINER	
2033 K STREET N. W.			MABRY, JOHN		
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20006-1021		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
		1625			
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			06/24/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/587,150 HEROLD ET AL Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit John Mabry, PhD -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 April 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-7 and 10-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 8 and 9 is/are withdrawn from consideration.

4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>8 and 9</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration
5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-7 and 10-13</u> is/are rejected.
7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
8) ☐ Claim(s) ____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on ______ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

Application Papers

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:				
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.				

3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patient Drawing Review (PTO-948) Amformation-Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/95/08) Paper No(s)Mail Date 7/24/06.	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Mail Date. 5) Action of Informal Pater Light Mail Calc. 6) Other:	
		-

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DETAILED ACTION

Applicant is respectfully reminded that it is <u>required</u> that all claims be amended to elected group. Examiner also warns Applicant not to introduce new matter when amending.

Examiner's Response

Applicant's response on April 21, 2008 filed in response to the Election/Restriction dated March 21, 2008 has been received and duly noted. The Examiner acknowledges Applicants' election of Group I with traverse. The Applicant respectfully requested that the restriction requirement be withdrawn due to reference EP 0519433 not encompassing the genus of the instant application in order to properly break unity of invention. Examiner has provided the disclosed species below which certainly falls with in the scope of the genus of the instant invention. Chamberland et al (US 6,436,980 B1) discloses the compound below. Due to Examiner's Election/Restriction, the instant application was properly restricted and claims of non-elected invention were not considered in this Office Action.

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Examiner acknowledges the correction made in Restriction Requirement (dated March 21, 2008) of the variable X1 in Groups I and II. This correction is communicated in further detail in Interview Summary dated April 11, 2008.

Thus, the restriction requirement is deemed proper and FINAL.

In view of this response, the status of the rejections/objections of record is as follows:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-7 and 10-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The term "pharmaceutical preparation" in corresponding claims is renders the claim indefinite. The term "pharmaceutical preparation" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. What does Applicant intend the term to mean? Does Applicant intend this term to directed towards a "pharmaceutical composition" or towards "a method for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition". If Applicant intends for these claims to be directed towards "a method for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition" then said

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claims will not be considered and restricted into separate group - "a process of preparation."

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-7 and 10-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for "salts", does not reasonably provide enablement for "prodrugs". The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

The nature of the invention in the instant case has claims which embrace aryl piperidine compounds. The scope of "prodrug" is not adequately enabled. Applicants provide no guidance as how the compounds are made more active *in vivo*. The choice of a "prodrug" will vary from drug to drug. Therefore, more than minimal routine experimentation would be required to determine which prodrugs will be suitable for the instant invention

The instant compounds of formula (I) wherein the prodrugs are not described in the disclosure in such a way the one of ordinary skill in the art would no how to prepare the various compounds suggested by said claims. In view of the lack of direction provided in the specification regarding starting materials, the lack of working examples, and the general unpredictability of chemical reactions, it would take an undue amount of

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experimentation for one skilled in the art to make the claimed compounds and therefore practice the invention.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 7 and 10-13 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over the pharmaceutical preparation of the copending Application Nos. 2007/0021399 (11/488,858) claim 6 and 2007/0021400 (11/488,860) claim 20. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because of the following.

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Applications 2007/0021399 (11/488,858) and 2007/0021400 (11/488,860) claim a pharmaceutical preparation which encompasses the compounds of Formula I that is claimed by instant application.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Conclusion

Applicant is respectfully reminded that it is <u>required</u> that all claims be amended to elected group. Examiner also warns Applicant not to introduce new matter when amending.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John Mabry, PhD whose telephone number is (571) 270-1967. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 9am to 5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's primary examiner can be reached at (571) 272-0684, first, or the Examiner's supervisor, Application/Control Number: 10/587,150 Page 7

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Janet Andres, PhD, can be reached at (571) 272-0867. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

/John Mabry/ Examiner Art Unit 1625

> /Rita J. Desai/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1625